International Law Studies—Volume 17

International Law Documents

Neutrality

Breaking of Diplomatic Relations

War

With Notes

U.S. Naval War College (Editor)

The thoughts and opinions expressed are those of the authors and not necessarily of the U.S. Government, the U.S. Department of the Navy or the Naval War College.
Attitude of Salvador, Serbia.

Notification of mined area, November 5, 1914.

Ambassador Marye to the Secretary of State.

[Telegram.]

American Embassy,
Petrograd, November 5, 1914.

Russian Government officially notifies embassy that it has placed mines in zone from fifty-eight fifty north latitude and to east of twenty-first meridian also at entrance of Gulf of Riga and around Aland Islands and consequently entrance and exit of Finnish and Riga Gulfs forbidden.

Marye.

Salvador.

Attitude on war between United States and Germany, October 6, 1917.

San Salvador, Salvador, October 6.

The United States Government has made an inquiry in regard to the significance of the declaration by the Government of Salvador of neutrality friendly to the United States.

The foreign office has replied that Salvador considers herself associated with the United States by reason of her sentiments in favor of Pan-Americanism, in the world struggle.

Serbia.

Notification of Austro-Hungarian breaking of diplomatic relations, July 25, 1914.

[Serbian Blue Book.]

No. 41.—M. Pashtich, Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs, to All the Royal Legations.

Belgrade, July 12–25, 1914.

To-day at 5.45 p. m. I delivered the answer to the Austro-Hungarian note. You will receive to-night the exact text. You will see that we have gone as far as we could go, even to the extreme limit. When he received the note, the minister of Austria-Hungary declared that he must compare it with the instructions and that he would give me the answer immediately. As soon as I had returned to the ministry, the minister of Austria-Hungary in-

1 Supra, p. 42.